§218.59 Responsibilities of railroads.

Any railroad that operates a train when the controlling locomotive of a train is equipped with a disabled safety device is subject to a civil penalty as provided for in appendix A of this part.

§ 218.61 Authority to deactivate safety devices.

- (a) For the purpose of this chapter, it is lawful to temporarily render a safety device incapable of proper or effective action or to materially impair its function if this action is taken as provided for in paragraph (b) or (c) of this section.
- (b) If a locomotive is equipped with a device to assure that the operator is alert or not physically incapacitated, that device may be deactivated when:
- (1) The locomotive is not the controlling locomotive;
- (2) The locomotive is performing switching operations and not hauling cars in a manner that constitutes a train movement under part 232 of this chapter:
- (3) The locomotive is dead-in-tow; or
- (4) The locomotive is a mid-train slave unit being controlled by radio from a remote location.
- (c) If a locomotive is equipped with a device to record data concerning the operation of that locomotive and/or of the train it is powering, that device may be deactivated only in accordance with the provisions of §229.135.

[54 FR 5492, Feb. 3, 1989, as amended at 58 FR 36613, July 8, 1993]

Subpart E—Protection of Occupied Camp Cars

Source: 54 FR 39545, Sept. 27, 1989, unless otherwise noted.

§218.71 Purpose and scope.

This subpart prescribes minimum requirements governing protection of camp cars that house railroad employees. The rule does not apply to such cars while they are in a train.

§218.73 Warning signal display.

(a) Warning signals, *i.e.*, a white disk with the words "Occupied Camp Car" in black lettering during daylight hours and an illuminated white signal

- at night, displayed in accordance with §218.75, §218.77, or §218.79 signify that employees are in, around, or in the vicinity of camp cars. Once the signals have been displayed—
- (1) The camp cars may not be moved for coupling to other rolling equipment or moved to another location;
- (2) Rolling equipment may not be placed on the same track so as to reduce or block the view of a warning signal; and
- (3) Rolling equipment may not pass a warning signal.
- (b) Warning signals indicating the presence of occupied camp cars, displayed in accordance with §§218.75 and 218.79, shall be displayed by a designated occupant of the camp cars or that person's immediate supervisor. The signal(s) shall be displayed as soon as such cars are placed on the track, and such signals may only be removed by those same individuals prior to the time the cars are moved to another location.

§ 218.75 Methods of protection for camp cars.

When camp cars requiring protection are on either main track or track other than main track:

- (a) A warning signal shall be displayed at or near each switch providing access to that track;
- (b) The person in charge of the camp car occupants shall immediately notify the person responsible for directing train movements on that portion of the railroad where the camp cars are being parked;
- (c) Once notified of the presence of camp cars and their location on main track or other than main track, the person responsible for directing train movements on that portion of the railroad where the camp cars are being parked shall take appropriate action to alert affected personnel to the presence of the cars:
- (d) Each manually operating switch providing access to track on which the camp cars are located shall be lined against movement to that track and secured with an effective locking device and spiked; and
- (e) Each remotely controlled switch providing access to the track on which